

## 1y2periodo

### Past Progressive Questions

Llena los espacios en blanco según el ejemplo

Use: **Past Progressive**.

#### Example:

\_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_\_ books? (to read)

**Answer: Was** she **reading** books? (to read)

1. \_\_\_\_\_ Melissa \_\_\_\_\_ out a book? (to take)
2. \_\_\_\_\_ Ashley \_\_\_\_\_ on the computer? (to work)
3. \_\_\_\_\_ the friends \_\_\_\_\_ home from school? (to come)
4. \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ to music? (to listen)
5. \_\_\_\_\_ Nicolas \_\_\_\_\_ at a picture? (to look)
6. \_\_\_\_\_ Emma and Bertha \_\_\_\_\_ her friend? (to phone)
7. \_\_\_\_\_ the girl \_\_\_\_\_ the windows? (to open)
8. \_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_\_ judo? (to do)
9. \_\_\_\_\_ James \_\_\_\_\_ the bike? (to repair)
10. \_\_\_\_\_ Tyler \_\_\_\_\_ with the cooking? (to help)

#### TRADUCE LAS ORACIONES

1. Was Melissa taking out book?
2. Was Ashley working on the computer?
3. Were the friends coming home from school?
4. Were you listening to music?
5. Was Nicolas looking at a picture?
6. Were Emma and Bertha phoning her friend?
7. Was the girl opening the window?
8. Was she doing judo?
9. Was James repairing the bike?
10. Was Tyler helping with the cooking?

### Past Continuous Questions

Completa y traduce las oraciones

Write the correct forms of the verbs into the gaps.

**Example:** \_\_\_\_\_ a book? (to read)

**Answer: Was she reading** a book? (to read)

1. \_\_\_\_\_ the museum? (she/to visit)
2. \_\_\_\_\_ with a pencil? (you/to write)
3. \_\_\_\_\_ comics? (the boys/to read)
4. \_\_\_\_\_ at pictures? (they/to look)
5. \_\_\_\_\_ photos? (Helen and Anne/to take)
6. \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of noise? (your brother/to make)
7. \_\_\_\_\_ the classroom? (the teacher/to leave)
8. \_\_\_\_\_ text messages? (the girls/to send)
9. \_\_\_\_\_ under the tree ? (the dog/to sit)
10. \_\_\_\_\_ questions? (Kimberly/to ask)

**CONJUGACIÓN DE TIEMPOS**  
 EN EL DICCIONARIO BUSCA EL SIGNIFICADO DE LOS SIGUIENTES VERBOS Y  
 DEBES CONJUGARLOS EN HOJAS DEBLOK.

**REGULAR VERB LIST**

**PRESENTE**

To answer	To ask	To call	To clean	To close	To cook
To copy	To dress	To end	To enjoy	To erase	To finish
To fish	To help	To invite	To laugh	To learn	To like
To listen	To live	To look	To move	To need	To open
To play	To prefer	To repeat	To show	To study	To talk
To use	To wait	To walk	To want	To wash	To earn

**IRREGULAR VERB LIST**

**PRESENTE**

To arise	To become	To begin	To choose	To come	To do
To draw	To drive	To drink	To eat	To fly	To forget
To get	To give	To go	To hide	To know	To rise
To see	To sing	To speak	To take	To wake up	To think

**MARY'S BEDROOM**

**Traduce y responde las preguntas**

Mary is sitting in her room. She looks out of the window. A fish is swimming past her window.



A fish? Mary can't understand it. How can a fish swim past her window? She walks to the window and opens it a little. Water starts to come into the room. Mary tries to close the window, but she can't. She hurries to her bed. She dries the water on the floor with a blanket from the bed. Water is still coming into the room. It is over her feet, legs, arms, shoulders. Mary cries for help. "Help! Help!" She opens her eyes. The cat is sitting on the table next to the bed. It has knocked over a glass of water onto Mary's face.

1. Where did Mary look?
2. Where did she walk?
3. What did she open?
4. What did she try to do with the window?
5. Where did she hurry to?

6. What did she do with the blanket?

## PRESENT AND PAST CONTINUOUS (Traduce la lectura)

USES: The present continuous is used to speak about:  
. Actions happening at the time you are speaking:



Look! The cook is cutting a carrot.

Yesterday, the cook was cutting a carrot.

### DESCRIBING ACTION IN PROGRESS

There are many people **riding** on a bus. Some of the people are **standing** and some are **sitting**. The bus driver is **talking** to a young man who is just **getting** on the bus. An old woman is **standing** in the aisle and is **leaning** against a post. She looks very tired. Next to her, there is a shopping cart full of groceries. Two men are **standing** near the old woman. They are **arguing** about something. On the right side of the bus, there is a bald man **looking** out the window, and **sitting** behind him is a young man **listening** to the radio. On the left side of the bus, there are some girls **chatting** happily while someone is **smoking** in the seat behind them. I think this looks like a typical day on the bus in Taiwan.

### COMPLETA CADA ESPACIO CON UNA FORMA DEL VERBO AUXILIAR (BE.)

Ex: You \_\_\_\_\_ explaining the lesson.  
You're explaining the lesson.

1. What \_\_\_\_\_ he doing now?
2. He \_\_\_\_\_ reading a book.
3. I \_\_\_\_\_ studying me lesson.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ you writing a letter?
5. \_\_\_\_\_ we learning English?
6. I \_\_\_\_\_ copying the words.
7. What exercise \_\_\_\_\_ you doing now?
8. \_\_\_\_\_ She erasing the board?

9. What \_\_\_\_\_ the teacher explaining?
10. \_\_\_\_\_ John writing the sentences?

COMPLETA CADA PREGUNTA CON LA FORMA (ING) DE UN VERBO Y AGREGA UN COMPLEMENTO.

Ex: Is John studying the lesson now?  
Yes, he is studying the lesson now.

1. Are you \_\_\_\_\_?
2. Is Mary \_\_\_\_\_?
3. is my teacher \_\_\_\_\_?
4. Are you and I \_\_\_\_\_?
5. Are the secretaries \_\_\_\_\_?
6. Are men \_\_\_\_\_?
7. Is Mrs. Clark \_\_\_\_\_?
8. Are students \_\_\_\_\_?
9. I'm a doctor Clark \_\_\_\_\_?
10. Are Mary and Betty \_\_\_\_\_?
11. Is architect \_\_\_\_\_?
12. Are nurses \_\_\_\_\_?
13. Is John \_\_\_\_\_?
14. Are we \_\_\_\_\_?
15. Are the lawyers \_\_\_\_\_?
16. Are they \_\_\_\_\_?

CHANGE INTO PROGRESSIVE TENSE

CAMBIA AL PRESENTE PROGRESIVO

1. He studies his lesson every day.  
He is studying his lesson every day
2. We go to the cafeteria every day.
3. He shuts the window every morning.
4. He puts the mail on me desk every morning.
5. He spends much money every day.
6. John sends a letter to his mother every day.
7. He pays for his lunch every day.
8. We eat in mew cafeteria every morning.
9. Mr. Jones teaches English now.
10. He takes a lesson three times a week.
11. He comes to his office every day.
12. He writes many letters.
13. It rains every day.
14. The sun shines every day.
15. He speaks to her English every *day*.

16. He studies very hard.

17. He tries very hard to speak Spanish.

18. They have his homework every night.